PHYSICS TODAY

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Classical earthquakes are easily by triangulation. For more obscure seismic, events, geophysicists are developing, the trick of playing the movie backward.

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36 Thermal conductivity through the 19th century.

From 1807 to 1811, Joseph Fourier conducted experiments and devised mathematical techniques that together yielded the first estimate of a material's thermal conductivity. His methodology has influenced all subsequent work

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A carefully engineered coupling between light and matter could pave the way to a room-temperature Bose-Einstein — condensate. *Peter Littlewood.*

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COVER:

Oak Ridge National Laboratory's 25-megavoit tandem Van de Graff, seen here rising 30 meters to the ceiling of its domed pressure vessel, is the world's most powerful electrostatic accelerator. In the experiment described on page 16, it accelerated a beam of short-lived tin- 132 ions to630 MeV. The experimenters sought to test whether the ¹³²Sn nucleus, with magic numbers of both protons and neutrons does indeed have the "doubly magic" properties predicted for it by the shell model of nuclear-structure theory. (Photo courtesy of ORNL.)